#### **CLAIMS**

## 1. A compound of formula I

$$\mathbb{R}^2$$
 $\mathbb{R}^3$ 
 $\mathbb{R}^1$ 

in free or salt form, where

 $R^1$  is a monovalent aromatic group having up to 10 carbon atoms, and  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a heterocyclic group having up to 10 ring atoms and having 1 to 4 hetero atoms in the ring system.

# 2. A compound according to claim 1, in which

 $R^1$  is phenyl substituted by one or two substituents selected from cyano, halogen, carboxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy, and optionally by  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, or  $R^1$  is phenyl substituted by  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy, and

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a heterocyclic group having up to 6 ring atoms and one or two hetero atoms in the ring.

# 3. A compound according to claim 1, in which

R¹ is phenyl substituted by one or two substituents selected from cyano, halogen, carboxy or C¹-C⁴-haloalkoxy meta to the indicated naphthyridine ring and optionally by C¹-C⁴-alkyl or C¹-C⁴-alkoxy ortho to the indicated naphthyridine ring, or R¹ is phenyl substituted by C¹-C⁴-alkoxy meta to the indicated naphthyridine ring, and

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a heterocyclyl group having up to 6 ring atoms and one or two nitrogen atoms, or one nitrogen atom and one oxygen atom, in the ring, optionally substituted by hydroxy, carboxy, 5-membered Oheterocyclylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylsulfonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted by hydroxy, cyano, carboxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl.

### 4. A compound according to claim 1 in which

R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylthio, -SO-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, and phenyl fused with a heterocyclic ring having 3 to 8 ring atoms of which up to 4 can be carbon atoms and up to 4 can be hetero atoms, and

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a heterocyclic group having up to 6 ring atoms and one or two hetero atoms in the ring optionally substituted by carboxy, carboxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, said heterocyclic group also optionally being substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy.

#### 5. A compound according to claim 4, in which

R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted by one, two or three substituents selected from the group consisting of cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio, -SO-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, and phenyl fused with a heterocyclic ring having 5 or 6 ring atoms of which up to 4 can be carbon atoms and up to 2 can be hetero atoms, and

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached denote a heterocyclic group having up to 6 ring atoms and one or two nitrogen atoms in the ring optionally substituted by carboxy, carboxy- C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, said heterocyclic group also optionally being substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl.

- 6. A compound according to claim 1, which is
- 3-[6-(3-hydroxy-pyrrolidin-1-yl)-[1,7]naphthyridin-8-yl]-benzonitrile;
- 3-{6-[4-(2-cyano-ethyl)-piperazin-1-yl]-[1,7]naphthyridin-8-yl}-benzonitrile;
- 1-[8-(3-cyano-phenyl)-[1,7]naphthyridin-6-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid, lithium salt; or
- 3-(6-piperazin-1-yl-[1,7]naphthyridin-8-yl)-benzonitrile;
- 1-[8-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-[1,7]naphthyridin-6-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester; sodium 1-[8-(3-fluoro-phenyl)-[1,7]naphthyridin-6-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylate;
- 1-[8-(5-fluoro-2-methoxy-phenyl)-[1,7]naphthyridin-6-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester; or

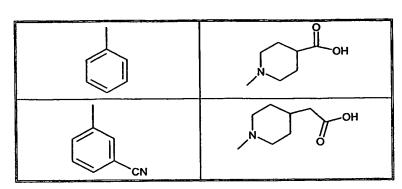
potassium 1-[8-(5-fluoro-2-methoxy-phenyl)-[1,7]naphthyridin-6-yl]-piperidine-4-carboxylate.

7. A compound according to claim 1, wherein R<sup>1</sup> and -NR<sup>2</sup>R<sup>3</sup> are as shown in the following table:

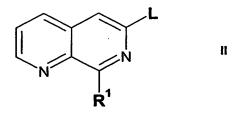
R <sup>1</sup>	NR <sup>2</sup> R <sup>3</sup>
C <sub>EN</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
C <sub>≅N</sub>	N OH
C.F.N	OH OH
C.E.N	NOH
C ≥ N	HO
C <sub>≅N</sub>	
C.≅N	N O NH <sub>2</sub>
C.F.N	N
C <sup>≤N</sup>	NH <sub>2</sub>
C <sub>₹N</sub>	O OH
C <sub>SN</sub>	N CH <sub>3</sub>
C <sub>EN</sub>	N CO <sub>2</sub> H

C <sub>≅N</sub>	HN O OC <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
C <sub>ZN</sub>	N SO <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
C <sub>z̄N</sub>	NH CH <sub>3</sub>
C <sub>žN</sub>	NH CH <sub>3</sub>
C <sub>₹N</sub>	CO₂H
CI	O CH <sub>3</sub>
CH3O CI	O CH <sub>3</sub>
OH OH	N
CI	ОН
CI	CH,
CH3O	СН
CH <sub>3</sub> O CI	ОН

осн,	ОН
F	ОН
CH <sup>3</sup>	ОН
CN	N OH
	ОН
OCF <sub>3</sub>	ОН
CI	ОН
CN	OH CH <sub>3</sub>
S-CH <sub>3</sub>	ОН
CH <sub>3</sub>	ОН



- 8. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims for use as a pharmaceutical.
- 9. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7, optionally together with a pharmaceutically acceptable diluent or carrier.
- 9. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of a condition mediated by PDE4.
- 10. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 for the preparation of a medicament for the down-regulation or inhibition of TNF-α release.
- 11. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of an inflammatory disease.
- 12. Use of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 7 for the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of an obstructive or inflammatory airways disease.
- 13. A process for the preparation of compounds of formula I in free or salt form which comprises
- (iii) (A) reacting a compound of formula



optionally in protected form, where R<sup>1</sup> is as hereinbefore defined and L is a leaving atom or group, for example halogen or an aliphatic or aromatic sulfonyloxy group such as trifluoromethylsulfonyloxy, with a compound of formula

optionally in protected form, where R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are as hereinbefore defined, followed by deprotection if required;

- (B) reacting a compound of formula I, where R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the attached nitrogen atom denote a heterocyclyl group substituted by a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl group, to convert the alkoxycarbonyl group into a carboxy;
- (C) for the preparation of compounds of formula I where R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the attached nitrogen atom denote a heterocyclyl group substituted by carboxy-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy, hydrolysing a compound of formula I where R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the attached nitrogen atom denote a heterocyclyl group substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkoxy; or
- (D) for the preparation of compounds of formula I when R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl substituted by -SO-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkyl, oxidising a compound of formula I where R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl substituted by C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-alkylthio; and
- (iv) recovering the product in free or salt form.